ENGINEERING KNOWLEDGE TEST (EKT) MECHANICAL STREAM

BOOKLET SERIES 'E' TIME ALLOTTED : 45 MINUTES

Set No 2/15

(c)

30 microns

INSTR	UCTIO	NS FOR CANE	DIDATE	S		<u>'</u>				
1. 2. 3.	Total One n		estions ducted	50. Each Que	ong ans		S.			
Q1.						rsons apply for the at all the three app 8/9		Each applies for one ame house is 7/9		
Q2.	If the a	area of the squa	are is ir (b)	ncreased by 69 30%	% the s (c)	ide of the square ir 39%	ncreases by (d)	/ 130%		
Q3.			•	•		and B can solve 70 at random from the 0.97		s the probability that 0.20		
Q4.	obtain		lity that		3, 4, 5 and 6 is rolled four times. Out of four face values face value is not less than 2 and the maximum face value					
Q5.	` '	rojection of a ve scalar neither vector	ector or	another vecto	(c) or is (b) (d)	80/81 vector either scalar or ve	(d) ector	65/81		
Q6.		the execution will be circular Interp linear Interpol	olation		am bloo (b) (d)	ck NO20 GO2 X45.0 Y25.0 R5.0 the type of too circular Interpolation — counter-clockwise rapid feed				
Q7.	A component can be produced by any of the four processes I, II, III and IV. Process I has a fixed cost of Rs 20 and variable cost of Rs 3 per piece. Process II has a fixed cost of Rs 50 and variable cost of Re 1 per piece. Process III has a fixed cost of Rs 40 and variable cost of Rs 2 per piece Process IV has a fixed cost of Rs 10 and variable cost of Rs 4 per piece. If the company wishes to produce 100 pieces of the component, from economic point of view it should choose (a) Process I (b) Process II (c) Process III (d) Process IV									
Q8.						duced in the conductory	ctor. This is (d)	s known as Ampere's law		
Q9.	(a) (b) (c)	the waveleng crystals the wavelengt	mpletel th of X th of X-	y absorbed by -ray is of the rays is very sm	the crys same o	stal rder of magnitude omparison with the		er-atomic spacing in cspacing in		
Q10.		•	has a l	oletely transpar nalf-life of 10 d 1000 g		•	g of it left, (d)	what was its original 2000 g		
Q11.	A tens (a) (c)	sile test is perfo remain same decrease	rmed o	n a mild steel r	ound ba (b) (d)	ar. Its diameter afte increase depend upon rate				
Q12.	In an interchangeable assembly, shafts of size 25.000±0.040mm mate with holes of size 25.000±0.020 mm. The maximum possible clearance in the assembly will be									
	(a)	10 microns			(b)	20 microns				

(d)

60 microns

Q13.	The ne	eutral axis of a beam is subjected to _		stress.				
	(a) (c)	zero minimum tensile	(b) (d)	maximum tensile maximum compressive				
Q14.	When (a) (c)	a load on the free end of a cantilever at the free end in the middle of the beam	beam is (b) (d)	s increased, failure will occur at the fixed end at a distance 2/3 from free end				
Q15.	In PEF (a) (c)	RT analysis a critical activity has maximum float maximum cost	(b) (d)	zero float minimum cost				
Q16.	The ca (a) (c)	apacity of a strained body for doing we strain energy proof resilience	ork on t (b) (d)	he removal of the straining force, is called resilience impact energy				
Q17.	The ho (a) (c)	oop stress in a thin cylindrical shell is longitudinal stress radial stress	(b) (d)	compressive stress circumferential tensile stress				
Q18.	The rais calle (a) (c)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	specific (b) (d)	weight of pure water at a standard temperature specific gravity of liquid surface tension of liquid				
Q19.	The pu (a) (b) (c) (d)	to eliminate water hammer possibilities to regulate flow of water to turbines by providing necessary retarding head of water						
Q20.	The S- (a) (c)	N curve for steel becomes asymptoti 103 cycles 106 cycles	c nearly (b) (d)	vat 104 cycles 109 cycles				
Q21.	The dir (a) (b) (c) (d)	vergent portion of a venturimeter is may avoid the tendency of breaking away to minimise frictional losses both (a) and (b) none of these		nger than convergent portion in order to ream of liquid				
Q22.	Silicon (a) (b) (c) (d)	in cast iron makes the iron soft and easily mach increases hardness and brittleness makes the iron white and hard aids fusibility and fluidity	inable					
Q23.	The pr streng (a) (c)	•	lity of st (b) (d)	full annealing spheroidising				
Q24.	The m (a) (b) (c) (d)	alleability is the property of a material regains its shape and size after the retains the deformation produced uncan be drawn into wires with the approan be rolled or hammered into thin	removal der load dication	l of external forces d permanently				
Q25.		er is resting on a rough ground and le will act downward at its upper end zero at its upper end	eaning a (b) (d)	against a smooth vertical wall. The force of upward at its upper end perpendicular to the wall at its upper end				

Q26.	and a the foll (a)	Vater at 42°C is sprayed into a stream of air at atmospheric pressure, dry bulb temperature of 40°C nd a wet bulb temperature of 20°C. The air leaving the spray humidifier is not saturated. Which of ne following statements is true? a) Air gets cooled and humidified (b) Air gets heated and humidified							
Q27.	(c) The ef	Air gets heated and dehumidified ficiency of a lifting machine is the	. ,	Air gets cooled and	dehumic	dified			
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	output to the input work done by the machine to the mechanical advantage to the ve all of the above		e on the machine					
Q28.		as 10% defective items. Ten item y 2 of the chosen items are defect 0.0036 (b) 0.1937		en randomly from this 0.2234	s lot. The	probability that 0.3874			
Q29.	The ga (a) (c)	as in cooling chamber of a closed constant volume constant pressure	cycle gas (b) (d)	turbine is cooled at constant temperatu none of these	re				
Q30.	Which (a) (b) (c) (d)	For a given compression ratio, both Otto and Diesel cycles have the same efficiency. For a given compression ratio, Otto cycle is more efficient than Diesel cycle. For a given compression ratio, Diesel cycle is more efficient than Otto cycle. The efficiency of Otto or Diesel cycle has nothing to do with compression ratio.							
Q31.	The te (a) (c)	mperature at which the volume of absolute scale of temperature absolute temperature	f a gas bed (b) (d)	comes zero is called absolute zero tempo none of these	erature				
Q32.	The ro (a) (c)	tary compressor used in gas turbines is of centrifugal type (b) axial flow type radial flow type (d) none of these							
Q33.	The vo	olume of air delivered by the compressor is called free air delivery (b) compressor capacity swept volume (d) none of these							
Q34.	The ef (a) (c)	fficiency of a jet engine as compared to propeller is higher at low speeds low altitudes (d) high altitudes							
Q35.	In axia (a) (c)	Il flow compressor, exit flow angle blade camber space-chord ratio	e deviation (b) (d)	from the blade angle blade camber and in blade camber and s	ncidence	angle			
Q36.	Time of (a) (c)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Q37.	The ve (a) (c)	ehicle ride will be comfortable if un-sprung mass is kept minimur vehicle mass is kept minimum	n (b) (d)	sprung mass is kep all of these	t minimu	m			
Q38.	Figure (a) (c)	-out the odd point in the following proportional limit yield point	(b) (d)	elastic limit fracture point					
Q39.	The ai (a) (b) (c) (d)	m of value engineering is to find the depreciation value of a radetermine the selling price of a painimise the cost without chang all of the above	oroduct	of the product					

Q40.	Gantt (a) (c)	chart is used for inventory con production so	trol		(b)	material handling machine repair schedules				
Q41.	The m (a) (c)	ain object of so to produce be to minimise p	etter qua	lity of product	(b) (d)	to utilise maximum floor area all of these				
Q42.	Heat is lost from 100 mm diameter steam pipe placed horizontally in ambient temperature of if the Nusselt number is 25 and thermal conductivity is 0.03 W/mK, then heat transfer coefficition would be									
	(a)	7.5 W/m ² K	(b)		` '	25.2 W/m ² K	` ,	30 W/m ² K		
Q43.		diameter of the essure type of conical locato diamond pin l	locator ι or		iderable (b) (d)	le variation, then for locating in jigs and fixtures, cylindrical locator vee locator				
Q44.	Interna (a) (c)	al gears can be hobbing shaping with			(b) (d)	shaping with pinion cutter milling				
Q45.			ton can Ì ess	ycle pump into be approximate		against a pressure of 4.5 bars. A slow downward adiabatic process isothermal process				
Q46.	Which (a) (b) (c) (d)	changing the changing the increasing or	compos percent decreas	e of heat treatm ition of steel or age of carbon a sing the grain s e residual stres	n the su and Si i ize	rface				
Q47.	The primary function of the bias circuit is to (a) hold the circuit stable at V _{CC} (b) hold the circuit stable at V _{in} (c) ensure proper gain is achieved (d) hold the circuit stable at the designed Q-point									
Q48.	A JFE (a) (c)	T is a current-c is a voltage-c			(b) (d)	has a low input resistance is always forward-biased				
Q49.	Which (a)	of these is use aileron	ed as a l (b)	nigh lift device? rudder	(c)	elevators	(d)	flaps		
Q50.	Lift of (a) (c)	an aircraft whe equal to the v double the we	veight	ving straight an	d level (b) (d)	is slightly higher none of the at		ne weight.		